Hospital Avoidable Admissions Data

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In the last 14 months on average there have been 596 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw a 6% decrease in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 181 admissions each month.

This has improved by 10% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls UTIs and COPD are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
Milton Keynes NHS FT
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

- Milton Keynes are average when compared to other trusts for avoidable admissions.
- Between Oct 17 and Nov 18 21% of all admissions could have been avoided.
- The highest rate was falls with nearly 10% of all admissions.
- Compared nationally Milton Keynes are about average for most diagnosis that are classed as avoidable.

- LOS
In the last 14 months on average there have been 1,012 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw a 15% increase in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 295 admissions each month.

This has improved by 4% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls UTIs, acute MH and COPD are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
Northampton General Hospital
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

- Compared to all other acute trusts in England Northampton fall within the 3rd quartile of percentage of admissions that are avoidable. Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw 22% of all admissions could have been avoidable. The highest rate was falls with nearly 7% of all admissions.

- Northampton are an outlier for Hypo Glycaemia and Acute Mental Health, but average for all other diagnosis’.

- LOS
In the last 14 months on average there have been 914 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw a 15% increase in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 252 admissions each month.

This has risen by 42% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls UTIs and COPD are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
Kettering General Hospital
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

- Compared to all other acute trusts in England Kettering General Hospital fall within the upper quartile of percentage of admissions that are avoidable. Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw nearly 27% of all admissions could have been avoidable.
- The highest rate was falls with 7% of all admissions
- Compared nationally Kettering are above average for 6 of the 13 diagnosis that are classed as avoidable

- LOS
In the last 14 months on average there have been 2,001 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw a 2% increase in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 404 admissions each month.

This has increased by 3% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls COPD and UTIs are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

- Compared to all other acute trusts in England UH of Leicester are better than average for the percentage of admissions that are avoidable.
- Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw 19% of all admissions could have been avoidable.
- The highest rate was Chest Pain (Non-Sig) with 4.3% of all admissions.
- UH of Leicester’s outlier areas are mainly Blocked Tubes and Chest Pain, otherwise they are about average or better nationally for all other diagnosis’.

- LOS
In the last 14 months on average there have been 1,212 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw an 8% improvement in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 395 admissions each month.

This has decreased by nearly 7% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls UTIs, and COPD are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
• Compared to all other acute trusts in England United Lincs are average for the percentage of admissions that are avoidable.
• Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw 21% of all admissions could have been avoidable.
• The highest rate was falls with 7% of all admissions.
• Nottingham's outlier areas are mainly DVT, UTI, COPD and falls, otherwise they are about average nationally for all other diagnosis.

• LOS
• In the last 14 months on average there have been 1,740 potentially avoidable admissions each month.
• Oct 18 saw a 12% increase in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.
• Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 534 admissions each month.
• This has decreased by 4% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.
• Following falls UTIs, and COPD are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
Nottingham University Hospital
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

• Compared to all other acute trusts in England Nottingham are below average for the percentage of admissions that are avoidable.
• Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw 19% of all admissions could have been avoidable.
• The highest rate was falls with nearly 6% of all admissions.
• Nottingham are average or better than most trusts nationally for all diagnosis’.

• LOS

![Graph showing LOS from 2017 to 2018]
In the last 14 months on average there have been 1,360 potentially avoidable admissions each month.

Oct 18 saw a 77% increase in avoidable admissions compared to Oct 17.

Falls are the largest avoidable admissions diagnosis with approximately 413 admissions each month.

This has increased by 62% when comparing Oct 17 to Oct 18.

Following falls COPD and Acute MH are the next largest diagnosis for avoidable admissions.
United Hospitals of Derby and Burton NHS FT
Avoidable Admissions - Benchmarking

- Compared to all other acute trusts in England UH Derby & Burton are average for the percentage of admissions that are avoidable.
- Oct 17 to Nov 18 saw 20% of all admissions could have been avoidable.
- The highest rate was falls with 6% of all admissions.
- UH Derby & Burton are average or better than most trusts nationally for all diagnosis’.

- LOS
Care Homes Data - EMAS

• Current demand from care homes is c. 115 calls per day
• Equates to c. 4% of total demand into EMAS
• Various EMAS initiatives to support care homes i.e. *5 to access clinical advice for crews to reduce need to convey
• Care homes advice poster
Managing Medical Emergencies in Care Homes

- **Is this a predicted occurrence covered by Personal Care Plan or an Escalation Care Plan?**
  - **YES**
    - Example: Blocked Catheter—Contact: XXX XXX on XXXXXXX between 9–5pm otherwise ring 111
    - Example: Non Injury Fall—Contact: XXX XXX on XXXXXXX between 9–5pm otherwise ring 111
    - Example: Increased Confusion—Contact: XXX XXX on XXXXXXX between 9–5pm otherwise ring 111
    - Example: End of Life service user—Contact: XXX XXX on XXXXXXX between 9–5pm otherwise ring 111
  - **NO**

- **Is this a MEDICAL EMERGENCY?**
  - **YES**
    - Medical Emergencies might include:
      - Unexpected loss of consciousness
      - Persistent Chest Pain
      - Collapse
      - Possible stroke or TIA
      - Falls with serious injury
      - Severe breathing problems
      - Severe Bleeding
      - Severe allergic reactions
      - Acute confused state
      - Fits—Do not stop/happen for the first time
  - **NO**

- **Does the resident have an Escalation Care Plan/ DNACPR or Respect documentation that relates to this particular medical emergency?**
  - **YES**
  - **NO**

- **Did you get an answer and did it solve the problem?**
  - **YES**
    - Contact the important people that are named in the care plan
  - **NO**

- **Dial 999 FOR AN AMBULANCE! Have your assessment ready.**

**REMEMBER!** You should have consent for all interventions or be sure you are acting in the best interests of the resident if they do not have capacity to consent.
# Care Homes Data - EMAS

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