

So why are we doing this?

Red Bag, Trusted Assessor, High Impact Changes

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Working with local systems, we have identified a number of high impact changes that can support local health and care systems reduce delayed transfers of care...

Change 1 : Early Discharge Planning. In elective care, planning should begin before admission. In emergency/unscheduled care, robust systems need to be in place to develop plans for management and discharge, and to allow an expected dates of discharge to be set within 48 hours.

Change 2 : Systems to Monitor Patient Flow. Robust Patient flow models for health and social care, including electronic patient flow systems, enable teams to identify and manage problems (for example, if capacity is not available to meet demand), and to plan services around the individual.

Change 3 : Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-Agency Discharge Teams, including the voluntary and community sector. Co-ordinated discharge planning based on joint assessment processes and protocols, and on shared and agreed responsibilities, promotes effective discharge and good outcomes for patients

Change 4 : Home First/Discharge to Access. Providing short-term care and reablement in people's homes or using 'step-down' beds to bridge the gap between hospital and home means that people no longer need wait unnecessarily for assessments in hospital. In turn, this reduces delayed discharges and improves patientflow.

Change 5 : Seven-Day Service. Successful, joint 24/7 working improves the flow of people through the system and across the interface between health and social care, and means that services are more responsive to people's needs.

Change 6 : Trusted Assessors. Using trusted assessors to carry out a holistic assessment of need avoids duplication and speeds up response times so that people can be discharged in a safe and timely way.

Change 7 : Focus on Choice. Early engagement with patients, families and carers is vital. A robust protocol, underpinned by a fair and transparent escalation process, is essential so that people can consider their options, the voluntary sector can be a real help to patients in considering their choices and reaching decisions about their futurecare.

Change 8 : Enhancing Health in Care Homes. Offering people joined-up, co-ordinated health and care services, for example by aligning community nurse teams and GP practices with care homes, can help reduce unnecessary admissions to hospital as well as improve hospital discharge.

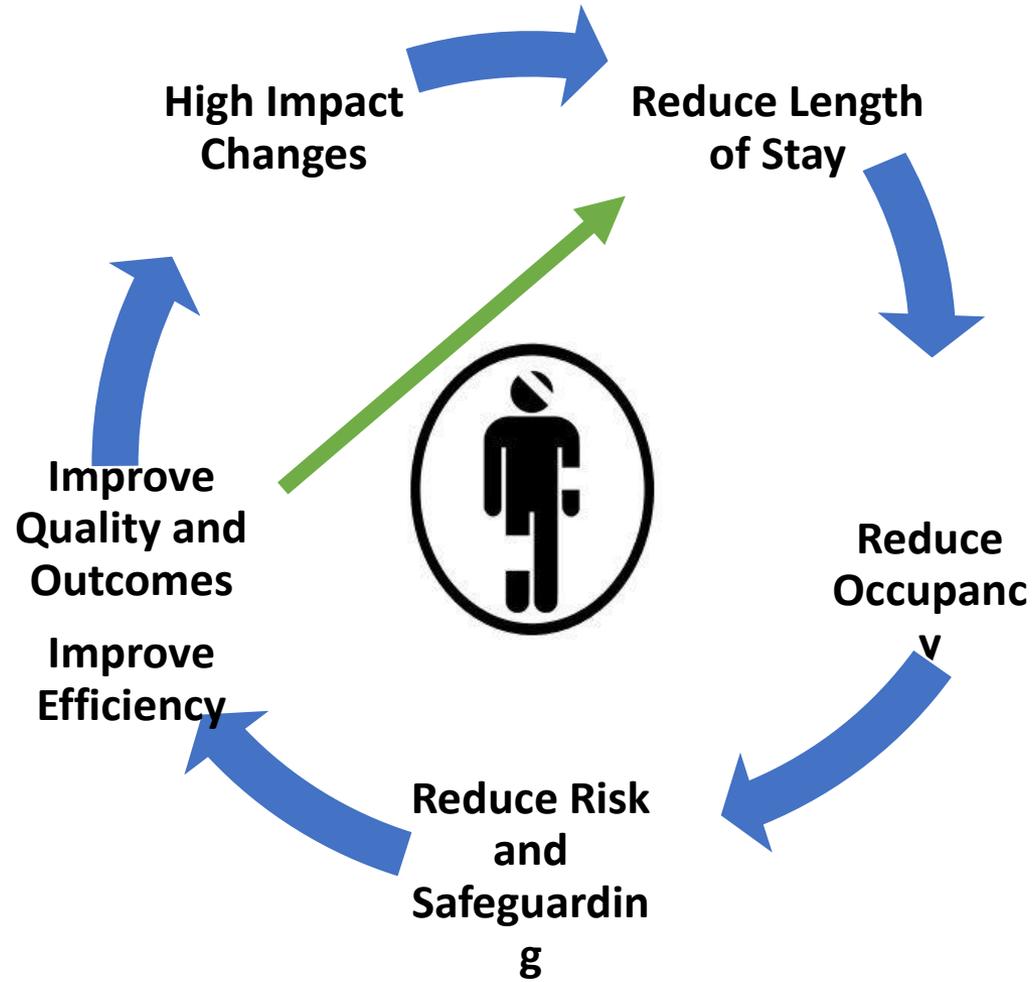
What does High Impact mean and look like???



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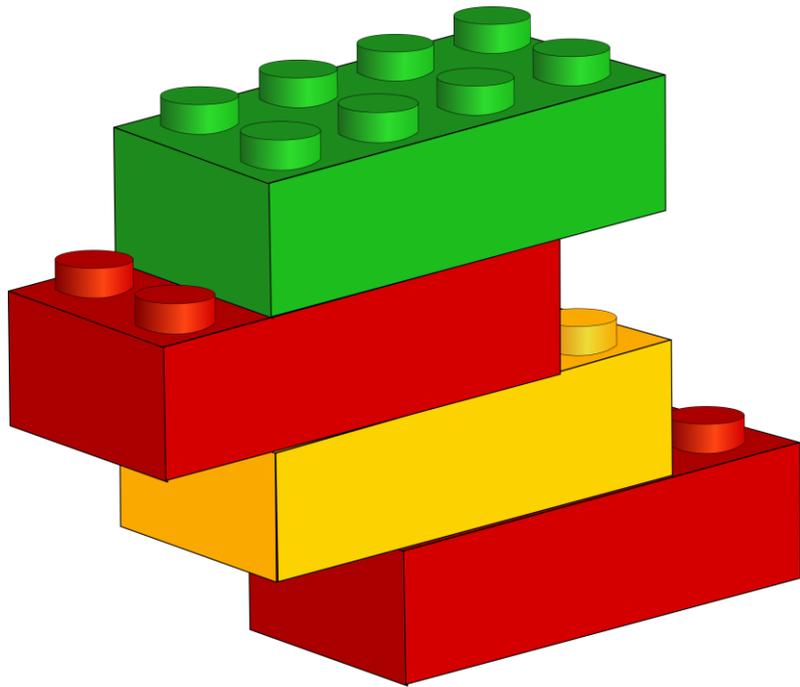
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What else helps?



- **Care Planning**
- **Care Home access to clinical advice**
- **Managing Expectation (Choice)**
- **Self Funders**

It's going to be a slow burn – but that's ok.

You'll need:

- ***Vision***
- ***Permission***
- ***Tenacity***

for the journey

Thank You